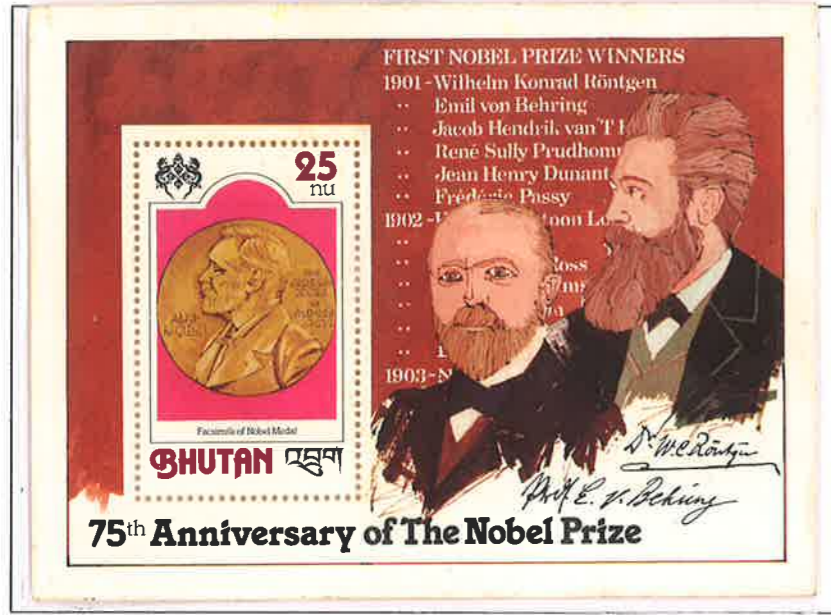


THE X-Ray MAN

WILHELM CONRAD RONTGEN - German mechanical engineer and physicist (1845 – 1923)
 1895 - Discoverer of the rays that he called X-rays
 1901- **FIRST PERSON RECEIVED THE NOBLE PRIZE AWARD IN PHYSICS.** # Rontgen donated the 50,000 Swedish krona reward from his Nobel Prize to research at his university, the University of Wurzburg. **Marie Curie and Pierre Curie** worked on the X-RAY machine to their research.



1977- Stamp printed by Central African Republic, shows Nobel prize, Wilhelm c.Roentgen

BHUTAN –MS- 75th Anniversary of the Nobel Prize with Roentgen and von Behring.



1961- stamp by SWEDEN shows Wilhelm Roentgen



SIERRA LEON –MS- 100th Anniversary of Nobel Prizes with Rontgen stamp



1982- Pakistan stamp -Chest X-ray – centenary of the discovery of Tubercle bacillus



Dental X-ray

X-Ray – MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC USES

X-rays can be used to examine most areas of the body. They are mainly used to look at the bones and joints. Although they are used to detect problems affecting soft tissues, such as internal organs (Lungs for Tuberculosis). Problems that may be detected during an X-ray include Bone fracture and Breaks, and Dental procedures



1993 Macedonia X-ray Machines with Red Cross

Airmail from Manipur to Iceland -1995, with Roentgen commemorative Indian stamp



West Germany – 1995 Wilhelm C Rontgen 100 Years of X-ray discover



MARIE CURIE & PIERRE CURIE Nobel Couple



ALVARO ALVIM Brazillian Physician Pioneer in Radiologist and Radiotherapist. He studied in France with Pierre and Marie Curie and performed the first radiograph in Brazil

